Registered number: SC477579 Charity number: SC045119

FISHERIES INNOVATION & SUSTAINABILITY

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

UNAUDITED

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024



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FISHERIES INNOVATION & SUSTAINABILITY

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITABLE COMPANY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Trustees

Mr J H Goodlad, Chairman

Mr M E Mitchell (resigned 18 September 2023)

Mr M Coleman

Ms A L Freeman (resigned 4 April 2024) Mr A R Wallace (appointed 4 April 2024)

Mr S J McLean

Mr D G Parker (appointed 7 August 2023) Mr W O Davies (appointed 18 September 2023)

Company registered

number

SC477579

Charity registered

number

SC045119

Registered office

Keepers Cottage Balnakeilly Pitlochry Scotland PH16 5RA

Chief executive officer

Kara Brydson

Accountants

Armstrong Watson LLP Chartered Accountants

1st Floor 24 Blythswood Square

Glasgow G2 4BG

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland

113 South Street St Andrews KY16 9QB

Solicitors

J&H Mitchell W.S. 51 Atholl Road

Pitlochry PH16 5BU

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

The Trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the charitable company for the year 1 June 2023 to 31 May 2024. The Annual Report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report and a directors' report under company law. The Trustees confirm that the Annual Report and financial statements of the charitable company comply with the current statutory requirements, the requirements of the charitable company's governing document and the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102) (effective 1 January 2019).

Since the Company qualifies as small under section 382 of the Companies Act 2006, the Strategic Report required of medium and large companies under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 has been omitted.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's Article of Association, the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trust Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Objectives and activities

a. Vision and remit

Fisheries Innovation & Sustainability is the coalition of experts driving strategic innovation for a prosperous and sustainable UK seafood industry.

FIS' remit is to facilitate, coordinate and leverage investment for innovation in UK seafood.

Since 2014, FIS has leveraged more than £3million investment into seafood innovation.

FIS creates a pre-competitive environment for collaboration, connecting the seafood supply chain around shared opportunities to add value to UK businesses and communities.

Achievements and performance

a. Driving innovation across the UK

In the first year of its expanded remit supporting the whole UK seafood industry, FIS's growing community of seafood and innovation experts came together to unlock new opportunities for sustainable and prosperous fisheries. In November, FIS' UK Stakeholder Committee met for the first time to discuss how game changing innovation could address challenges facing seafood businesses and communities. FIS projects this year include trialling Al-aided precision fishing gear, supporting decarbonisation in ways that are practical for UK fleets, and developing a prototype machine to help fishers meet new animal welfare requirements.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Achievements and performance (continued)

b. Pioneering designs for net zero fishing vessels

FIS continues to be a beacon for decarbonisation with first-of-their-kind concept designs of fishing vessels powered by alternative fuels. Supported by the Marine Fund Scotland, the concept designs by Macduff Ship Design represent a feasible way for fishing vessels to transition away from diesel. This work highlights the need to address technical, regulatory, and financial barriers before these designs can become a reality. While the designs show what is possible for UK fishing vessels if these barriers are addressed, vessel owners switching to alternative fuels will, for now, be at a critical disadvantage competing in a market with diesel vessels. FIS is facilitating discussions to ensure that fishers are at the heart of decision making on infrastructure and training, and that early adopters can access financial assistance, business advice and regulatory support.

A further report for FIS by Macduff Ship Design allows vessel owners, for the first time, to compare methanol, LNG, hydrogen and battery electric options against diesel vessels fishing around UK waters today. As routes to decarbonisation can seem overwhelming, this study allows direct comparisons to active vessels, and explores impacts on business viability, safety, and feasibility from a regulatory and infrastructure perspective. This programme of work is right at the core of FIS' mission, helping UK fishing stay safe and competitive as it adopts alternative fuels to catch low carbon, nutritious seafood.

c. Fisheries Exchange Programme supports groundbreaking prototype

FIS was asked by a group of seafood businesses to facilitate an unprecedented collaboration with the aim of developing an onboard nephrops stunning and tailing machine. Similar machines exist separately, but never used together on a commercial fishing vessel. The project will develop proof of concept of a nephrops stunning and tailing machine used at sea on small UK fishing vessels. The ability to stun and tail nephrops at sea could have significant benefits for the fishery, with the potential to improve both crew conditions and the humane handling of animals caught. FIS and the Fishmongers' Company supported a knowledge exchange trip for technologists and fishers to travel to Northern Ireland and the West of Scotland to view current tailing processes, with the University of Stirling providing academic oversight on initial prototype tests.

d. Smartrawl - the Al-aided fishing net

FIS' Smartrawl project is an eagerly awaited solution to illegal fisheries discards and bycatch, using Al technology to allow skippers to retain only their target catch, releasing other animals back unharmed into their natural environment. The invention is an in-water device with three components: a stereo camera, taking images of animals in the trawl; a computer using Al to determine species and size of animals; and a gate controlled by the computer to catch or release animals according to market conditions and quota. The Smartrawl team at Heriot-Watt University presented their latest progress to the FIS Board of Trustees in April, when members had the opportunity to see, first-hand, the impact of their support to the Smartrawl project, now in its fifth phase and with additional funding from the UK Seafood Innovation Fund. The team is planning further sea trials in collaboration with UHI Shetland.

e. New partnerships and outreach

In this period, FIS held three meetings of the Board of Trustees, and two meetings of the FIS UK Stakeholder Committee. FIS showcased its projects at various parliamentary and government meetings, academic conferences and seafood industry events, including the Scottish Skipper Expo in Aberdeen in May, where FIS hosted a stand which became a hub for project partners and stakeholders.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Financial review

a. Review

Results for the year ended 31 May 2024 are given in the Statement of Financial Activities on page 8. The assets and liabilities are given in the Statement of Financial Position on pages 9-10. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the related notes which appear on pages 11 to 24. In summary, income amounted to £186,504 (2023 - £586,508), expenditure totalled £180,067 (2023 - £597,160), resulting in a surplus for the year of £6,437 (2023 - deficit of £10,652).

During this period, the Executive Director and Secretariat have been responsible for the day-to-day management of FIS finance and responsibility for ensuring that an effective system of internal financial control is maintained and operated in respect of FIS accounts.

The system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information, periodic audit, administrative procedures including segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- the existence of an appropriate control environment, such as clearly defined management responsibilities and evidence of reaction to control failures;
- regular monitoring of financial activity by the Executive Director and Secretariat;
- following Board agreement, contractual agreement for the allocation of FIS funds requiring the witnessed signature of the Executive Director;
- a system of continuous cash flow control;
- all contractors' invoices being checked prior to settlement and, under the terms of the standard FIS Agreement, the right to secure financial audit of contractors;
- Armstrong Watson LLP continue to independently review the FIS accounts annually;
- informing FIS Directors at Board meetings of the financial status of the company;
- minimising the financial risk to FIS by securing contractually agreed contributions from member organisations and committing funds within the constraints of these confirmed allocations.

The system of internal financial control is overseen by the Executive Director, the Chairman, the FIS Board and the Secretariat financial administrator who has responsibility for the development and maintenance of the financial control framework.

b. Reserves policy

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds that have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to three months of the total expenditure excluding grants payable for the year. At 31 May 2024 this amounted to £155,996 and therefore three months amounts to approximately £38,999. At the end of the reporting period the total funds held amounted to £543,428 therefore this level of reserves has been maintained.

The majority of funds committed to FIS by its members are allocated on the basis that they will support projects, therefore this level of reserves is held mainly to cover administrative costs for the notice period of three months in the event of a significant drop in funding.

c. Risk Management

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to these risks. These risks are re-evaluated on an ongoing basis by the Executive Director and the Secretariat, and the Board is alerted to emerging issues. The most important risk to the charity is the security of its future funding stream and therefore its ability to fulfil its objectives, and this risk is discussed at every meeting of the Board. The Board retains insurance for "Professional and legal liability (charity)" and "Trustees and individual liability (charity)" with Hiscox Underwriting Limited.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

d. Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

Fisheries Innovation & Sustainability is registered as a charitable company limited by guarantee and was set up by a Memorandum of Association.

b. Methods of appointment or election of Trustees

The management of the charitable company is the responsibility of the Trustees who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the Memorandum of Association. The Member organisation is responsible for selecting and nominating the candidate it wishes to serve on the FIS Board. Existing Board Members are informed of the nomination and, in the absence of substantive objection, the individual is appointed. There is no fixed term for FIS Trustees. The Chairman is an independent appointee of the Board and the position is reviewed annually.

Membership of FIS is open to any organisation which supports FIS charitable purposes and its activities, has a demonstrable track record as a stakeholder in relation to UK seafood; and which both applies to join and is accepted for membership by the Board in terms laid out in the FIS Articles of Association available online at www.fisorg.uk

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

FIS is operated by a Board constituted by Trustees who are also Company Directors. Board members are drawn from each FIS member organisations and take overall responsibility for ensuring that FIS fulfils its stated aims and maintains the appropriate infrastructure for the effective, accountable and lawful conduct of the organisation. The Chairman is an independent appointee of the Board. Day to day management and administration of FIS is undertaken by the Executive Director, Kara Brydson. A Secretariat supports the Board, the Chairman and the Executive Director, a role which is undertaken by Sandra Gray on a self-employed basis. FIS accounts are independently examined by Armstrong Watson LLP.

The Board consists of six Trustees together with a similar number of designated alternates who may act on behalf of a specified Trustee in their absence. The Board meets at least twice each year. Sub-groups of the Board also meet on an ad hoc basis to address specific tasks agreed by the Board. The work of FIS is supported by the Stakeholder Committee, whose members are selected by the Board on the basis of their personal expertise and experience. The Stakeholder Committee meets independently of the Board and communications between the two are maintained by the Executive Director.

FIS governance and operating procedures are detailed in the Articles of Association and Governance Document available online at www.fisorg.uk

Trustees' liability

The Trustees of the charitable company guarantee to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 to the assets of the charitable company in the event of winding up.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Mr JA Goodlad

Trustee

Date: 11/12/24

Mr W O Davies

Trustee

11/12/24

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

Independent Examiner's Report to the Trustees of Fisheries Innovation & Sustainability

I report on the accounts of the charitable company for the year ended 31 May 2024 which are set out on pages 8 to 23.

Respective Responsibilities of Trustees and Examiner

The trustees, who are also directors of the company for the purposes of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the terms of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 ('the Act') and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulation 2006 ('the Accounts Regulations'). The trustees consider that the audit requirement of Regulation 10(1)(a) to (c) of the Accounts Regulations does not apply. It is my responsibility to examine the financial statements as required under section 44(1)(c) of the Act and to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

Basis of Independent Examiner's Statement

My examination was carried out in accordance with regulation 11 of the Accounts Regulations. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charitable company and a comparison of the financial statements presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the financial statements, and seeking explanations from you as trustees concerning any such matters. The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, and consequently I do not express an audit opinion on the view given by the accounts.

Independent Examiner's Statement

In the course of my examination, no matter has come to my attention:

- 1. which gives me reasonable cause to believe that in any material respect the requirements:
 - to keep accounting records in accordance with section 44(1)(a) of the Act and regulation 4 of the Accounts Regulations; and
 - to prepare financial statements which accord with the accounting records, Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and in other respects comply with regulation 8 of the Accounts Regulations

have not been met: or

to which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

This report is made solely to the charitable company's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with regulation 11 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. My work has been undertaken so that I might state to the charitable company's Trustees those matters I am required to state to them in an Independent Examiner's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's Trustees as a body, for my work or for this report.

Signed: Vover lae

Dated: 6 Joney 2025

Karen Rae FCCA

Armstrong Watson LLP, Glasgow

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

		Unrestricted funds 2024	Restricted funds 2024	Total funds 2024	Total funds 2023
	Note	£	£	£	£
Income from:					
Donations and grants	3	-	61,504	61,504	461,508
Charitable activities	4	125,000	-	125,000	125,000
Total income		125,000	61,504	186,504	586,508
Expenditure on:					
Charitable activities	5	161,362	18,705	180,067	597,160
Total expenditure		161,362	18,705	180,067	597,160
Net (expenditure)/income		(36,362)	42,799	6,437	(10,652)
Transfers between funds	15	19,154	(19,154)	•	€ 3
Net movement in funds		(17,208)	23,645	6,437	(10,652)
Reconciliation of funds:					
Total funds brought forward		574,924	6,213	581,137	591,789
Net movement in funds		(17,208)	23,645	6,437	(10,652)
Total funds carried forward		557,716	29,858	587,574	581,137

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

FISHERIES INNOVATION & SUSTAINABILITY

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: SC477579

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2024

	Note		2024 £		2023 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		19,054		7,035
			19,054	,	7,035
Current assets					
Debtors	11	151,458		242,686	
Cash at bank and in hand		759,023		852,571	
		910,481		1,095,257	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(341,961)		(391,483)	
Net current assets			568,520		703,774
Total assets less current liabilities			587,574		710,809
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		:-		(129,672)
Total net assets			587,574		581,137

FISHERIES INNOVATION & SUSTAINABILITY

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: SC477579

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Charity funds			
Restricted funds	15	29,858	6,213
Unrestricted funds	15	557,716	574,924
Total funds		587,574	581,137

The charitable company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The Trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Mr J H Goodlad

Trustee

Date:

Mr W O Davies

Trustee

Date:

11/12/24

The notes on pages 11 to 23 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

1. General information

Fisheries Innovation & Sustainability is a charitable company limited by guarantee incorporated in Scotland. The registered office and business address is Keepers Cottage, Balnakeilly, Pitlochry, Scotland, PH26 5RA

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Fisheries Innovation & Sustainability meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

The charity's functional and presentation currency is pounds sterling.

2.2 Going concern

The Trustees have considered the going concern status of the chairty. The charity has unrestricted free reserves of £538,662 which would be sufficient to allow the charity to cover it's ongoing recurring costs (excluding grant funding) for a period considerably in excess of 12 months from the balance sheet date and will be able to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. There are no material uncertainties that cast significant doubt upon the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The Trustees have therefore continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Income

All income is recognised once the charitable company has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance Sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

2.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Expenditure (continued)

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charitable company's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is made except in those cases where the offer is conditional, such grants being recognised as expenditure when the conditions attaching are fulfilled. Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end are noted as a commitment, but not accrued as expenditure.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

- 25% straight line

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

2.8 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charitable company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

2.9 Financial instruments

The charitable company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Pensions

The charitable company to a personal pension plan held by the Executive Director. The pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the fund in respect of the year.

2.11 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charitable company and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the charitable company for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

3. Income from donations and grants

0	Restricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
Grants			
Scottish Government	15,504	15,504	30,330
Marks and Spencer	20,000	20,000	-
Seafood Innovation Fund	-		352,158
Lloyds Register Foundation	-	-	10,000
Seafood Scotland	-	-	69,020
Fishmongers Company	25,000	25,000	-
Macduff Shellfish	1,000	1,000	51
Total 2024	61,504	61,504	461,508

4. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted	Total	Total
	funds	funds	funds
	2024	2024	2023
	£	£	£
Membership fees	125,000	125,000	125,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2024	Grant funding of activities 2024 £	Support costs 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
Research projects	138,679	19,661	21,727	180,067	597,160
Total 2023	123,379	453,768	20,013	597,160	
Analysis of direct costs					
				Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
Staff costs				79,268	74,868
Depreciation Secretarial Costs				5,248	1,005
Secretarial Costs Conferences and seminars				20,991 16,508	20,744 11,098
Programme expenses and refere	ee payments			10,300	17,036
Chairman's honorarium	oo paymonto			10,000	10,000
Travelling and meeting expenses	5			6,664	5,488
				138,679	123,379

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs

			Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
	Insurance		767	762
	Postage, stationary and computer expenses		6,170	2,237
	Advertising		7,476	5,712
	Telephone		253	337
	Payroll costs		994	868
	Bank charges		367	347
	Audit fees		1,450	7,250
	Accountancy fees		4,250	2,500
6.	Analysis of grants		21,727	20,013
		Grants to Institutions 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
	Research projects	19,661	19,661	453,768 ———
	Total 2023	453,768	453,768	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

6. Analysis of grants (continued)

The charitable company has made the following material grants to institutions during the year:

		2024 £	2023 £
	Name of institution		
	University of Aberdeen		64,096
	Marine Applications Ltd T/A Verifact	-	65,000
	Space Intelligence Ltd	-	4,800
	Macduff Ship Design Ltd	15,504	33,744
	Heriot-Watt University	= 0	198,069
	Other	4,157	-
		19,661	365,709
	Other grants to individuals	-	88,059
		19,661	453,768
7.	Independent examiner's remuneration		
••	madponadni diaminin di romandration		
		2024 £	2023 £
	Fees payable to the charitable company's independent examiner for the independent examination of the charitable company's annual accounts	3,750	-
	Fees payable to the charitable company's independent examiner in respect of:		
	Audit of the 2023 financial statements	1,450	7,250
	Non-audit services performed	500	2,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

8. Staff costs

9.

	2024 £	2023 £
Wages and salaries	66,111	63,332
Social security costs	7,868	6,469
Other pension costs	5,289	5,067
	79,268	74,868
The average number of persons employed by the charitable company during	ng the year was as	follows:
	2024	2023
	No.	No.
Executive Director	1	1
The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding emplo ${\mathfrak {E}}60{,}000$ was:	oyer pension costs	s) exceeded
	2024	2023
	No.	No.
In the band £60,001 - £70,000	1	1
. Trustees' remuneration and expenses		
	2024 £	2023 £
Chairman's Honorarium	10,000	10,000

During the year ended 31 May 2024, expenses totalling £3,990 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 Trustees (2023 - £3,014 to 3 Trustees). Expenses reimbursed by the charity relate to travel and subsistence incurred by the Trustees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

10. Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery £	Total £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 June 2023	8,040	8,040
	Additions	17,267	17,267
	At 31 May 2024	25,307	25,307
	Depreciation		
	At 1 June 2023	1,005	1,005
	Charge for the year	5,248	5,248
	At 31 May 2024	6,253	6,253
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2024	19,054	19,054
	At 31 May 2023	7,035	7,035
11.	Debtors		
		2024 £	2023 £
	Due within one year		
	Prepayments and accrued income	151,458	242,686
		151,458	242,686

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

12. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Trade creditors	6,435	8,087
Other taxation and social security	9,046	1,706
Other creditors	569	1,091
Accruals and deferred income	325,911	380,599
	341,961	391,483
	2024 £	2023 £
Deferred income at 1st June	25,000	100,000
Resources deferred during the year	50,000	25,000
Amounts released from previous periods	(25,000)	(100,000)
	50,000	25,000

Deferred income relates to membership fees received in advance from the member organisations for the period 01 June 2024 - 31 May 2025.

13. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

		2024 £	2023 £
	Accruals and deferred income	=	129,672
14.	Financial instruments		
		2024	2023
	Financial assets	£	£
	Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure	759,023	852,571

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure comprise cash at bank.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

15. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 June 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Balance at 31 May 2024 £
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	574,924	125,000	(161,362)	19,154	557,716
	Balance at 1 June 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Balance at 31 May 2024 £
Restricted funds					
Seafood Innovation Fund	2,074	-	-	-	2,074
Seafood Scotland	1,985	•	-	-	1,985
Lloyds Register Foundation	2,154	-		(2,154)	-
MFS Grant - MacDuff	-	15,504	(15,504)	-	-
Torque Tec	=	17,000	-	(17,000)	-
Nephrops De-Tailing Project	-	29,000	(3,201)	•	25,799
	6,213	61,504	(18,705)	(19,154)	29,858
Total of funds	581,137	186,504	(180,067)		587,574

The Seafood Innovation Fund SIF4 was established in 2023 to fund the latest phase of the ongoing Smartrawl project, Smartrawl5.

The Seafood Scotland fund was awarded in 2023 to contribute towards the costs incurred relating to the Digitalisation Pilot project.

The Lloyds Register Foundation fund was established in 2023 to assist in identifying training needs for Net Zero fishing vessels in Clyde. This project is complete and the residual balance on the fund has been transferred to unrestricted funds.

The MFS grant was awarded in connection with Vessels of the Future project which has been conducted alongside MacDuff Ship Design.

The Torque Tec fund was established to purchase a TorqueTrak Twin Shaft Sea Trial Kit. This was purchased in the year as a fixed asset fulfilling the restriction therefore the balance has been transferred to unrestricted funds for the depreciation to be offset against in future years.

The Nephrops project has been established in the year to develop and test an onboard nephrops stunning and tailing machine.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

15. Statement of funds (continued)

Statement of funds - prior year

	Balance at 1 June 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 May 2023 £
Unrestricted funds				
General funds	591,789	125,000	(141,865)	574,924
			-	
Restricted funds				
Seafood Innovation Fund	-	352,158	(350,084)	2,074
Seafood Scotland	_	69,020	(67,035)	1,985
Lloyds Register Foundation		10,000	(7,846)	2,154
MFS Grant - MacDuff	-	30,330	(30,330)	-
		461,508	(455,295)	6,213
Total of funds	591,789	586,508	(597,160)	581,137

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

16. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 June 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Balance at 31 May 2024 £
General funds	574,924	125,000	(161,362)	19,154	557,716
Restricted funds	6,213	61,504	(18,705)	(19,154)	29,858
	581,137	186,504	(180,067)	<u> </u>	587,574
Summary of funds - prior year	r				
		Balance at			Balance at
		1 June 2022	Income	Expenditure	31 May 2023
		£	£	£	£
General funds		591,789	125,000	(141,865)	574,924
Restricted funds			461,508	(455, 295)	6,213
		591,789	586,508	(597,160)	581,137

17. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current period

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Restricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	19,054	-	19,054
Current assets	610,165	300,316	910,481
Creditors due within one year	(71,503)	(270,458)	(341,961)
Total	557,716	29,858	587,574

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2024

17. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior period

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Restricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets	7,035	8=	7,035
Current assets	613,192	482,065	1,095,257
Creditors due within one year	(45,303)	(346, 180)	(391,483)
Creditors due in more than one year	-	(129,672)	(129,672)
Total	574,924	6,213	581,137

18. Pension commitments

The charitable company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the charitable company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions paid by the charitable company to the fund and amounted to £5,289 (2023 - £5,067). The amount outstanding at the year end date is £nil (2023 - £nil).

19. Related party transactions

Out of the 6 Trustees who served during the period, 5 Trustees represent the member organisations of the charity during the current reporting period. Income received from these organisations amounted to £125,000 (2023 - £125,000) as detailed in note 3. At 31 May 2024, the amount owed by the member organisations was £Nil (2023 - £Nil). At 31 May 2024 £50,000 (2023 - £25,000) were received in advance and are included in accruals and deferred income.

In instances where the organisation that a Trustee represents has a vested interest in a research proposal, the Trustee will remove themselves from the evaluation and voting process in relation to that proposal.

